High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

- 1. Trace the development of psychology as a scientific discipline evolving from other fields of study.
 - Describing early psychological and biological inquiries that led to contemporary approaches and methods of experimentation, including ideologies of Aristotle, John Locke, Wilhelm Wundt, Charles Darwin, William James, Frantz Fanon, and G. Stanley Hall
 - Differentiating among various modern schools of thought and perspectives in psychology that have evolved since 1879, including each school's view on concepts of aggression or appetite

appetite
 Illustrating how modern psychologists utilize multiple perspectives to understand behavior and mental processes
Identifying major subfields and career opportunities related to psychology
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional material (if any):
Rating:

Each content standard or related content found in the bullets, indicate the grade level, the content standard, and the dominant strands. These strands are economics (E), geography (G), history (H), and civics and government CG).

High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

2.	Describe	research	strategie	es used	.by	psycl	hole	ogists	to exp	lore	mental	processes	and
beh	avior.												

- Describing the type of methodology and strategies used by researchers in different psychological studies
 - Examples: surveys, naturalistic observations, case studies, longitudinal studies, cross-sectional studies
- Contrasting independent, dependent, and confounding variables and control and experimental groups
- Identifying systematic procedures necessary for conducting an experiment and improving the validity of results

the validity of results
 Describing the use of statistics in evaluating research, including calculating the mean, median, and mode from a set of data; conducting a simple correlational analysis using either calculators or computer software; and explaining the meaning of statistical significance
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
material
(if any):
Rating:
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard
90%-100% (merit)
1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard
60%-0% (not recommended)

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

3.	Explain how	processes of the cent	ral and	peripheral	nervous	systems	underlie	behavior	and
me	ental								

- Describing how neurons communicate, including the role of neurotransmitters in behavior and the electrochemical process
- Comparing the effect of drugs and toxins on the brain and neurotransmitters
- Describing how different sections of the brain have specialized yet interdependent functions, including functions of different lobes and hemispheres of the cerebral cortex and consequences of damage to specific sections of the brain

and consequences of damage to specific sections of the plant
 Describing different technologies used to study the brain and nervous system
 Analyzing behavior genetics for its contribution to the understanding of behavior and mental processes, including differentiating between deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA), chromosomes, and genes; identifying effects of chromosomal abnormalities; and explaining how genetics and environmental factors work together to determine inherited traits
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
material
(if any):
Rating:
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard
90%-100% (merit)
1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard
69%-0% (not recommended)

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

4. Describe the interconnected processes of sensation and perception.
 Explaining the role of sensory systems in human behavior, including sight, sound, smell, touch, and pain
 Explaining how what is perceived can be different from what is sensed, including how attention and environmental cues can affect the ability to accurately sense and perceive the world
 Describing the role of Gestalt principles and concepts in perception
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
F-6
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
material
(if any):
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Rating:
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard
90%-100% (merit)
1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard
69%- 0% (not recommended)

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

- Explain ways to promote psychological wellness.
 - Describing physiological processes associated with stress, including hormones associated with stress responses
 - Describing Hans Selye's general adaptation syndrome (GAS)
 - Describing the flight-or-fight response in terms of the autonomic and somatic nervous systems
 - Contrasting positive and negative ways of coping with stress related to problem-focused coping, aggression, and emotion-focused coping
 - Explaining approach-approach, approach-avoidance, and avoidance-avoidance conflicts
 - Identifying various eating disorders and conditions

L	Examples: anorexia nervosa, bulimia nervosa, obesity							
ſ	Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and							
1	page numbers):							
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L								
	Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:							
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	Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional							
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	Rating:							
	2 - Meets Criterion for Standard							
	90%-100% (merit)							
l	1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)							
	0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard							
	69%-0% (not recommended)							

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

6. Describe the physical, cognitive, and social development across the life span of a person								
from the prenatal through aging stages.								
• Outlining the stage-of-development theories of Jean Piaget, Erik H. Erikson, Sigmund								
Freud, Carol Gilligan, and Lawrence Kohlberg								
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and								
page numbers):								
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:								
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional								
material								
(if any):								
Rating:								
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard								
90%-100% (merit)								
1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)								
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard								
69%- 0% (not recommended)								
0370- 070 (not recommended)								

Each content standard or related content found in the bullets, indicate the grade level, the content standard, and the dominant strands. These strands are economics (E), geography (G), history (H), and civics and government CG).

High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

Tigh Behoot Elective Course I Sychology Similaries with
7. Describe the processes and importance of memory, including how information is encoded and stored, mnemonic devices, schemas related to short-term memory, working memory, and
long-term memory.
 Distinguishing between surface and deep processing in memory development
 Comparing ways memories are stored in the brain, including episodic and procedural
 Identifying different parts of the brain that store memory
 Differentiating among different types of amnesia
 Describing how information is retrieved from memory
Explaining how memories can be reconstructed and misremembered
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
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(if any):
Rating:

2 - Meets Criterion for Standard

90%-100% (merit)

- 1 Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
- 0 Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard

69%-0% (not recommended)

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

- Describe ways in which organisms learn, including the processes of classical conditioning, operant conditioning, and observational conditioning.
 - Identifying unconditioned stimuli (UCS), conditioned stimuli (CS), unconditioned responses (UCR), and conditioned responses (CR)
 - Describing the law of effect
 - Describing original experiments conducted by B. F. Skinner, Albert Bandura, Ivan Pavlov, John B. Watson, and Rosalie Rayner
 - Differentiating between reinforcement and punishment, positive and negative reinforcement, and various schedules of reinforcement
 - Describing biological limitations on operantly conditioned learning

Differentiating between observational learning and modeling							
Analyzing watching violent media for effects on violent behavior							
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and page numbers):							
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:							
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional material							
(if any):							
Rating:							
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard							
90%-100% (merit) 1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)							
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard							
69%- 0% (not recommended)							

Each content standard or related content found in the bullets, indicate the grade level, the content standard, and the dominant strands. These strands are economics (E), geography (G), history (H), and civics and government CG).

High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

9. Describe how organisms think and solve problems, including processes involved in accurate								
thinking.								
 Identifying the role of mental images and verbal symbols in the thought process 								
Explaining how concepts are formed								
Differentiating between algorithms and heuristics								
Analyzing different types of heuristics to determine effects on problem solving								
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and								
page numbers):								
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Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:								
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional								
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Rating:								
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard								
90%-100% (merit)								
1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)								
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard								
69%-0% (not recommended)								

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

10.	Describe	the q	ualities	and	devel	opment	of	language.
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- Identifying common phonemes and morphemes of language
- Describing how understanding syntax and grammar affect language comprehension
- Demonstrating how qualities of sign language are similar to spoken language

Describing how infants move from babbling to usage of complete sentences
Explaining how hearing loss in infants and children can affect the development of spoken language
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
material
(if any):
Rating:
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90%-100% (merit)
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69%-0% (not recommended)

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

11. Compare various states of consciousness	evident	in human	behavior,	including t	he process of
sleeping and dreaming.					

- Explaining states of sleep throughout an average night's sleep, including nonrapid eye movement (NREM) and rapid eye movement (REM)
- Describing the mechanism of the circadian rhythm

69%-0% (not recommended)

- Evaluating the importance of sleep to good performance
- Comparing theories regarding the use and meaning of dreams
- Analyzing the use of psychoactive drugs for effects on people, including the mechanisms of addiction, withdrawal, and tolerance

of addiction, withdrawal, and tolerance
Evaluating the phenomenon of hypnosis and its possible uses
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
1 () (/) (/)
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
material
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Rating:
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1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard
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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

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12.	1)e:	scribe	the	role	of m	otivatio	n and	lemotion	th	human	behavior.

• Identifying theories that explain motivational processes, including cognitive, biological, and psychological reasons for motivational behavior, and Abraham Maslow's hierarchy of needs and arousal theory

of needs and arousal theory
Describing situational cues that cause emotions, including anger, curiosity, and anxiety
Differentiating among theories of emotion
Identifying universally recognized emotions
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
increase the enapter(s), and six pages reviewed.
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
material
(if any):
Rating:
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard
90%-100% (merit)
1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard

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MAP ICONS are shaded outlines of the state of Alabama. Map icons are displayed after content standards, bullets, or examples to indicate content related to Alabama history or geography.

69%-0% (not recommended)

High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

 13. Describe methods of assessing individual differences and theories of intelligence, including Charles E. Spearman's general (g) factor of intelligence, Howard Gardner's multiple intelligences, and Robert J. Sternberg's triarchic theory of intelligence. Describing different types of intelligence tests, including the Flynn effect
 Describing how intelligence may be influenced by differences in heredity and environment and by biases toward ethnic minority and socioeconomic groups
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
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Rating: 2 - Meets Criterion for Standard
90%-100% (merit)

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1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)

0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard

69%-0% (not recommended)

High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

14.	EX	plain the role	e of person	iality dev	/etopment	i in hur	man ben	avior.
	•	Differentiat	ting amon	g nersona	ality theor	ies, ind	cluding i	nsvehoan

nalytic, sociocognitive, trait, and humanistic theories of personality

 Describing different measures of personality, including the Neuroticism-Extroversion- Openness Personality Inventory (NEO-PI), the Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory (MMPI), and projective tests
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional material (if any):
Rating: 2 - Meets Criterion for Standard 90%-100% (merit) 1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation) 0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard 69%- 0% (not recommended)

Each content standard or related content found in the bullets, indicate the grade level, the content standard, and the dominant strands. These strands are economics (E), geography (G), history (H), and civics and government CG).

High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

 15. Describe major psychological disorders and their treatments. Differentiating between normal and abnormal behavior Describing different approaches for explaining mental illness, including biological and medical, cognitive, and sociocultural models Differentiating types of mental illness, including mood, anxiety, somatoform, schizophrenic, dissociative, and personality disorders Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional material (if any):
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Rating: _

2 - Meets Criterion for Standard

90%-100% (merit)

- 1 Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
- 0 Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard

69%-0% (not recommended)

Each content standard or related content found in the bullets, indicate the grade level, the content standard, and the dominant strands. These strands are economics (E), geography (G), history (H), and civics and government CG).

High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

16.	Describe how	attitudes,	, conditio	ns of obed	dience and	confo	rmity, a	ınd oth	er influe	ences at	ffect
acti	ons and shape	human be	ehavior, i	ncluding a	actor-obse	rver, s	elf-serv	er, soci	al facili	tation,	social
loat	fing, bystander	effect, gr	oupthink	, and grou	ıp polariza	ition.					

- Explaining the fundamental attribution error

Critiquing Stanley Milgram's work with obedience and S. E. Asch's work with conformity	
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter an page numbers):	đ
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:	
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional material (if any):	
Rating: 2 - Meets Criterion for Standard 90%-100% (merit) 1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation) 0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard 69%- 0% (not recommended)	

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

17. Describe various careers pursued by psychologists, including medical and mental health care fields, the business world, education, law and criminal justice, and research.
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional material (if any):
Rating: 2 - Meets Criterion for Standard 90%-100% (merit) 1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation) 0 - Does Not Meet Criterion for Standard 69%- 0% (not recommended)

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High School Elective Course - Psychology - Students will:

18. Explain how culture and gender influence behavior.Identifying gender differences and similarities
 Explaining ways in which gender differences are developed
 Describing ways in which gender roles are assigned in different cultures
Documentation of how the standard is met. Cite examples from the material (chapter and
page numbers):
Indicate the chapter(s)/unit(s), section(s), and/or pages reviewed:
Portions of the standard that are missing or not well developed in the instructional
material
(if any):
Rating:
2 - Meets Criterion for Standard
90%-100% (merit)
1 - Partially Meets Criterion for Standard 89%-70% (recommend with reservation)
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