1 SB5
2 18130-6
3 By Senator Butler
4 RFD: Economic Expansion and Trade
5 First Read: 06-APR-1999
6 PFD 02/25/1999

ACT No. 99-370



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3 Enrolled, An Act,

Providing for the use and standards for use of automated external defibrillators; and to amend Section 6-5-332, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to rendering of aid or emergency care at scene of an accident by certain persons to provide immunity for use of automated external defibrillators.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. The Legislature of the State of Alabama
finds the following:

- (1) Early defibrillation may sustain the life and temporarily stabilize a person in cardiac arrest, thus helping to preserve the Alabama family.
- (2) The American Heart Association estimates that more than 350,000 Americans die each year from out of hospital sudden cardiac arrest, and 20,000 deaths may be prevented each year if automated external defibrillators were more widely available.

It is the intent of the Legislature that an automated external defibrillator may be used for the purpose of saving the life of another person in cardiac arrest.

Section 2. As used in Sections 3 and Section 6-5-332 of the Code of Alabama 1975, the term "automated external defibrillator" or "AED" means a medical device heart monitor

1	and defibrillator that meets all of the following specifications:
2	(1) Has received approval of its pre-market
3	notification filed pursuant to Section 360 (k), Title 21 of
4	the United States Code from the United States Food and Drug
5	Administration.
6	(2) Is capable of recognizing the presence or
7	absence of ventricular fibrillation or rapid ventricular
8	tachycardia and is capable of determining, without
9	intervention by an operator, whether defibrillation should be
10	performed.
11	(3) Upon determining that defibrillation should be
12	performed, automatically charges and requests delivery of an
13	electrical impulse through the chest wall and to an
14	individual's heart.
15	(a) A person or entity that acquires an AED shall
16	ensure all of the following:
17	(1) That expected defibrillator users receive
18	appropriate training in an American Heart Association,
19	American Red Cross, or other nationally recognized
20	cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) course and AED, or an
21	equivalent nationally recognized course.
22	(2) That the defibrillator is maintained and tested
23	according to the manufacturer's operational guidelines.
24	(3) That there is involvement of a licensed
25	physician or medical authority in the site's AED program to

1	ensure compliance with training, notification, and
2	maintenance.
3	(4) That any person who renders emergency care or
4	treatment of a person in cardiac arrest by using an AED
5	activates the emergency medical services system as soon as
6	possible.
7	(5) That each manufacturer, wholesale supplier, or
8	retailer of an AED notifies purchasers of AED's intended for
9	use in the State of Alabama of the requirements of this
10	section.
11	(b) A person or entity who acquires an automated
12	external defibrillator shall notify the local emergency
13	communications center or dispatch center of the existing
14	location and type of AED.
15	(c) This section shall not apply to an individual
16	using an AED in an emergency setting if that individual is
17	acting as a good samaritan pursuant to Section 6-5-332, Code
18	of Alabama 1975.
19	Section 3. Section 6-5-332, Code of Alabama 1975, is
20	amended to read as follows:
21	* §6-5-332.
22	"(a) When any doctor of medicine or dentistry,
23	nurse, member of any organized rescue squad, member of any
24	police or fire department, member of any organized volunteer

fire department, Alabama-licensed emergency medical

technician, intern or resident practicing in an Alabama

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1 hospital with training programs approved by the American 2 Medical Association, Alabama state trooper, medical aidman 3 functioning as a part of the military assistance to safety and 4 traffic program, chiropractor, or public education employee 5 gratuitously and in good faith, renders first aid or emergency care at the scene of an accident, casualty, or disaster to a person injured therein, he or she shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result of his or her acts or omissions in rendering first aid or emergency care, nor shall he or she be liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or failure to act to provide or arrange for further medical treatment or care for the injured person.

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"(b) Any member of the crew of a helicopter which is used in the performance of military assistance to safety and traffic programs and is engaged in the performance of emergency medical service acts shall be exempt from personal liability for any property damages caused by helicopter downwash or by persons disembarking from the helicopter.

(c) When any physician gratuitously advises medical personnel at the scene of an emergency episode by direct voice contact, to render medical assistance based upon information received by voice or biotelemetry equipment, the actions ordered taken by the physician to sustain life or reduce disability shall not be considered liable when the actions are within the established medical procedures.

"(d) Any person who is qualified by a federal or state agency to perform mine rescue planning and recovery operations, including mine rescue instructors and mine rescue team members, and any person designated by an operator furnishing a mine rescue team to supervise, assist in planning or provide service thereto, who, in good faith, performs or fails to perform any act or service in connection with mine rescue planning and recovery operations shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result of any acts or omissions. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to exempt from liability any person responsible for an overall mine rescue operation, including an operator of an affected facility and any person assuming responsibility therefor under federal or state statutes or regulations.

"(e) A person or entity, who in good faith and without compensation renders emergency care or treatment to a person suffering or appearing to suffer from cardiac arrest, which may include the use of an automated external defibrillator, shall be immune from civil liability for any personal injury as a result of care or treatment or as a result of any act or failure to act in providing or arranging further medical treatment where the person acts as an ordinary prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances, except damages that may result for the gross negligence of the person rendering emergency care. This immunity shall extend to the licensed physician or medical

1	authority who is involved in automated external defibrillator
2	site placement, the person who provides training in CPR and
3	the use of the automated external defibrillator, and the
4	person or entity responsible for the site where the automated
5	external defibrillator is located. This section specifically
6	excludes from the provision of immunity any designers.
7	manufacturers, or sellers of automated external defibrillators
8	for any claims that may be brought against such entities based
9	upon current Alabama law."
10	Section 4. This act shall become effective on the
11	first day of the third month following its passage and
12	approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3 4	President and Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Xall 1 / Amoff
6	Speaker of the House of Representatives
7	SB5
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Senate 27-APR-1999 I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passed the Senate, as amended. McDowell Lee Secretary
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17 18 19	House of Representatives Amended and passed 25-MAY-1999
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21 22	Senate concurred in House amendment 25-MAY-1999
23	APPROVED

. Alabama Secretary Of State

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