

### MYTH Marijuana is not Addictive

Marijuana is **addictive**. According to the National Institute on Drug Abuse, 1 in 6 teens who smoke marijuana will become addicted. This rate increases to 25-50% for those who smoke on a daily or near daily basis.

Teens are more susceptible to marijuana use and addiction because their **brains are still forming**. The younger you are when you try pot, the more likely you will become addicted.



#### SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF MARIJUANA USE

- Confusion and lack of focus
- Bloodshot eyes (use of eye drops)
- Altered mental state and abrupt mood changes
- Fatigue and general lack of motivation
- Dropping studies or usual activities
- Change in eating habits
- Paraphernalia (pipes, rolling papers, shredded leafy debris, small bottles of oil, vape pens)
- In some cases, adverse mental reactions including anxiety, fear, distrust, panic, or psychosis

**More Information:** NIDA—"Available Treatments for Marijuana Use Disorders"





## MYTH Marijuana is Not Harmful

#### Marijuana harms the brain

Marijuana use impairs attention, memory, and learning. Research has shown that heavy and persistent use of pot from adolescence into adulthood can impact and decrease IQ by up to 8 points.

Pot use is linked to **mental health issues**, such as anxiety, depression, amotivational syndrome, and psychosis.

#### Marijuana harms the lungs

The American Lung Association has reported that pot smoke has many of the same toxins, irritants, and cancer causing agents found in tobacco smoke. It also creates more tar deposits than traditional cigarette smoke.

#### Marijuana harms the heart

Research shows that pot smoke is just as damaging to our cardiovascular system as tobacco smoke. There is a link between using pot and stroke, abnormal heart rhythms, and sudden cardiac events.

### SOLUTION Knowledge is Key

- Communicate to kids that marijuana use harms their future. More Information: NIDA—"What are marijuana's long-term effects on the brain?"
- Set and enforce clear no marijuana use rules
- Monitor your kids: Know where they are and who they are with





## MYTH Marijuana is <u>No Big Deal</u>

Today's marijuana is **5 times stronger** than the marijuana of the 80's and 90's. Some forms of pot have between 60-90% THC (the active chemical that causes the high).

Pot continues to affect the body long after the high is gone. Pot stays in the body for hours to days (weeks in regular users) after smoking, eating, dabbing, or vaping. For example, using pot on the weekend can negatively impact schoolwork days later. Pot harms attention, motivation, learning, and school success.



- Stay up-to-date with current marijuana trends.
  Visit the National Institute on Drug Abuse
- Talk to your kids about the risks
- Communicate clear no marijuana use rules
- Monitor your kids: Know where they are and who they are with





### MYTH Stoned Driving is Safe

Stoned driving **IS** drugged driving. It is **illegal** and **unsafe**.

Marijuana is the #1 illicit drug found in the blood stream of impaired drivers, fatally injured drivers, and drivers involved in motor vehicle crashes.

Marijuana impairs motor coordination, time & distance perception, lane tracking, attention, and reaction time.

Marijuana and alcohol are a deadly combination. Using both drugs at the same time increases your chance of a crash.

## SOLUTION Knowledge is Key

- Educate that stoned driving is drugged driving and is dangerous to driver, rider, and others on road
- Communicate clear no marijuana use rules
- Monitor your kids: Know where they are and who they are with

**Resource:** Parent-Teen Driving Contract by Dale Wisely, Ph.D.

