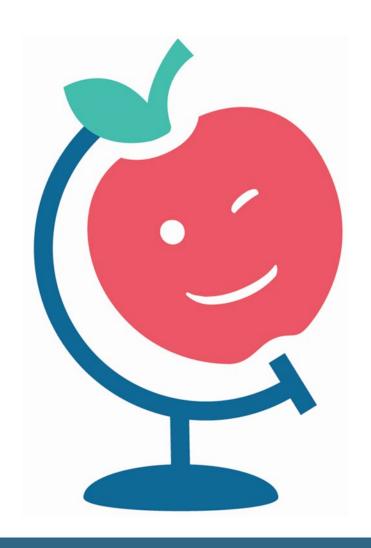
Meal Counting and Claiming





Steven Rylant, Senior Accountant 2024 New Managers' Training June 25, 2025 ALSDE CNP School Programs





BREAK for a PLATE schools

Learning Code

Event Name: Summer 2025 New Managers'

Training

Event Date: June 25, 2025

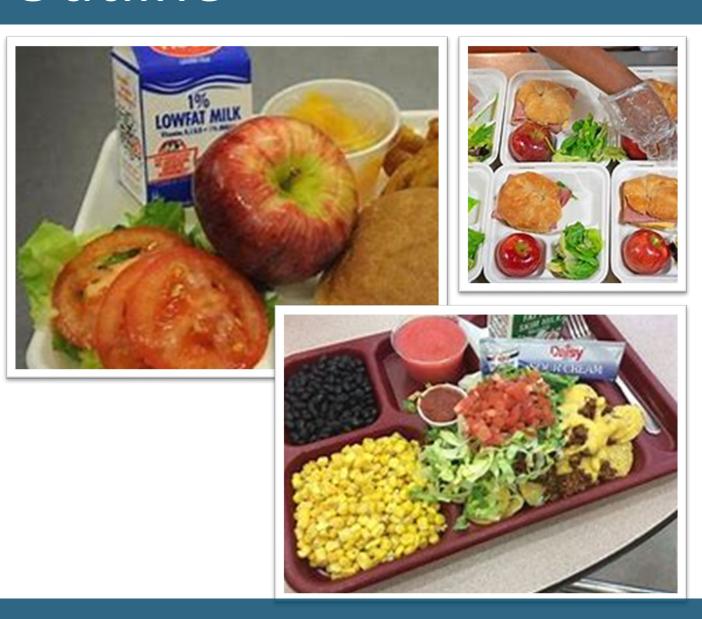
Hours: .75

Professional Learning Code: 3310

What is Meal Counting and Claiming?

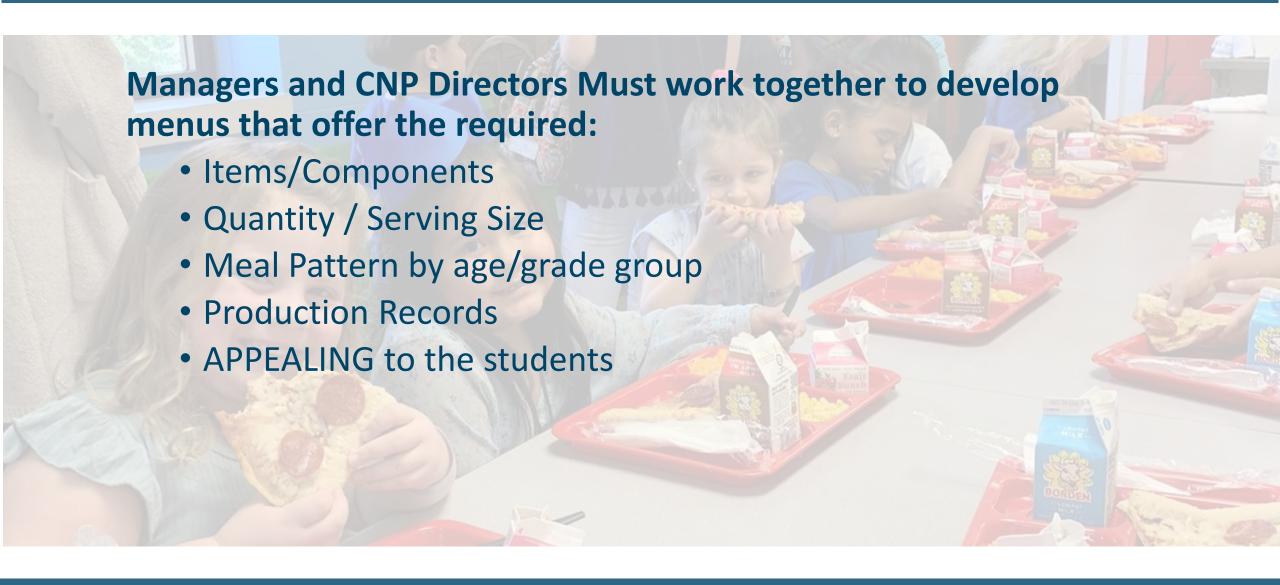
- Ensuring a reimbursable meal is offered
- Accurately recognizing a reimbursable meal
- Ensuring the Point of Service accurately and correctly identifies student eligibilities
- Ensuring all Policies are adhered to
- Ensuring proper Cash Handling procedures

Outline



- Meal Counting
- Reimbursable Meals*Breakfast/Lunch/After School Snack
- Point of Service
- Eligibility
- Policies
- Meal Claiming
- Cashier Assessment
- Cash Handling
- Audit Questions

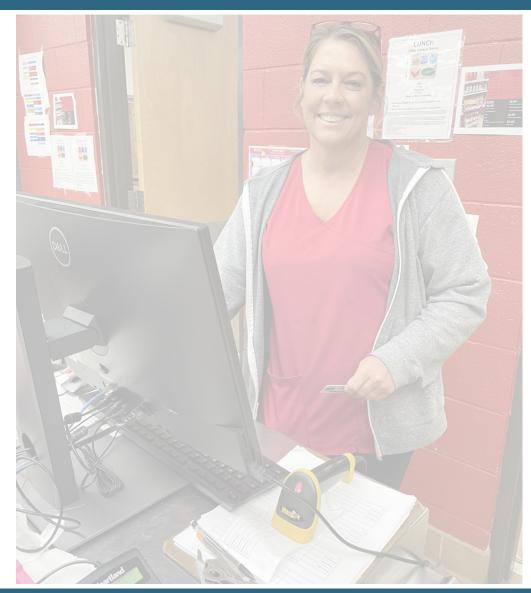
Ensuring A Reimbursable Meal is Offered



Cashiers will need to:

- observe the tray,
- determine if the food items equal a reimbursable meal, and
- finalize the transaction by ringing meal into the Point of Service (POS).

POS: computer, roster, or other approved meal counting procedures





Breakfast

Plan and Offer 3 Components

- Not Offer versus Serve
 - 3 components on tray
- Offer versus Serve
 - Offer 4 food items from 3 Components
 - Student must select at least 3 food items and 1 item has to be ½ cup of fruit



Lunch

Plan and Offer 5 components

- Not Offer versus Serve
 - 5 components on tray
- Offer versus Serve
 - At least 3 of the 5
 components on tray with
 one of which must be ½
 cup fruit or vegetable

Snack

- Plan 2 components
- Must take 2 components to be reimbursed as a snack



Claiming After School Snacks

Is it Area or Non-Area Eligible?

- Area Eligible
 - Claimed as all Free
- Non-Area Eligible
 - Claimed according to Free, Reduced, or Paid status of student receiving snack
 - Snack Price
 - Reduced \$.15
 - Paid determined by the local district

Claiming After School Snacks

What is your **documentation** for snack?

Enrichment Activity
Production Record
Point of Service

- Roster
 - Students are checked off as they receive the 2 components.
- Computer
 - Students come through serving line, receive 2 components, and enter number into computer.

Point Of Service: Meal Count Review

Meals must be counted:

- Student walks through line with all required components on their tray.
- The computer recognizes students' ID number and correctly identifies their eligibility.

Ensuring the Point of Service Correctly Identifies Student Eligibility

Rosters:

The roster must have an identifier for Free, Reduced, and Paid next to the enrolled students' names.

The identifier must not overtly identify a student:

F=free, R=reduced, and P=paid shall not be used

101=free, 102=reduced, and 103=paid would be acceptable

Computer System:

As with the roster the system must identify the student's eligibility, but not overtly identify the student on the screen.

The **POS** must be able to ensure only one reimbursable meal per student and a second meal that must be charged to the student.

When is a student eligible for free or reduced meals?



- Free and Reduced application
- Direct certification, homeless, runaway or migrant list
- CEP
- Provision 2
- Universal Breakfast

Meal Counting

How do you accept payment from students, teachers, and staff members?

- At the register?
- · Before a meal?
- Online?
- Others?

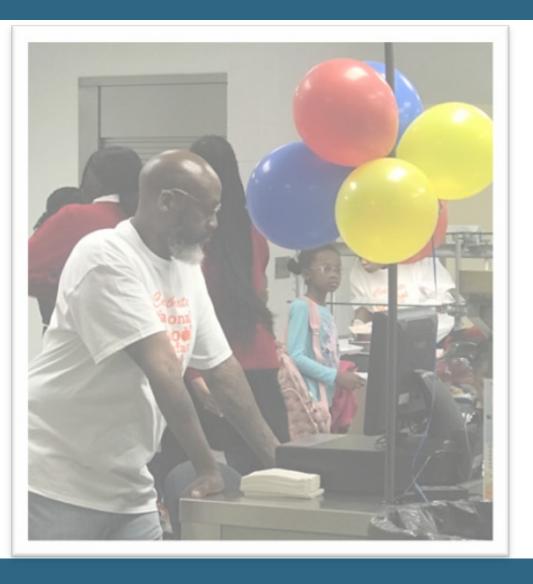
Policies

Do you know your district policies?

- Charging Meals
- Bad Check
- Change Cash/Fund



What is Meal Claiming?



- Daily Counts taken at each school site.
- Monthly counts for individual school site consolidated.
- Monthly Meal counts for all school sites sent to district office.
- District office sends consolidated and verified meal counts by school site, electronically to state department.
- State Department validates totals and issues a reimbursement check to district.

ACCEPTABLE Meal Counting System

All meal counting and claiming systems must provide an accurate point of service count of the following:

- 1. Reimbursable Meals Meet the meal pattern
- 2. One reimbursable meal per child per meal type
- 3. Second meals are counted as a la carte at an established meal price

All meal counting and claiming systems must provide an accurate point of service count:

- 1. By Category
- 2. Each day for each meal
- 3. Without revealing student eligibility

UNACCEPTABLE Meal Counting System

- Counts taken in the morning, in the classroom or any other location before the meal is served
- Attendance counts
- Tray or plate counts
- Adults are not paying for their meals or being claimed as reimbursable meals
- Count the number of tickets/tokens SOLD
- Count the number of meals paid for in advance
- Use the number of Free and Reduced-Priced eligible students instead of the number of meals actually served

UNACCEPTABLE Meal Counting

- Subtract the count of one category from a total count to obtain another eligibility category count
- Counts taken that make a student's eligibility category obvious.
- Roster System using an outdated roster.
 - Rosters should be printed weekly.
- Counts taken at the beginning of the serving line without checking that the components on the tray count as a reimbursable meal.
- Any count of meals served by category that is not accurate.

Delivery Counts of Meals

- The number of meals delivered to a school is not necessarily the number of meals actually served.
- The number of snacks prepared for after-school snack program is not necessarily the number of snacks actually served.

Ways to Ensure an Acceptable Meal Counting System

Daily Evaluations

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Daily Edit Checks from POS system

Free count ≤ free count on file

Reduced count ≤ reduced count on file

Paid count ≤ [daily attendance – (free + reduced)]

Point of sales (POS) = school data daily

Transfers

Withdrawals

New students
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Ways to Ensure an Acceptable Meal Counting System

Record Keeping

- Daily sales reports
- Daily edit checks from POS system
- Roster totals, cash register tapes, ticket/token count
- Backing up computer system
- Daily bank deposit slips



Edit Check Problems (Red Flags)

Meal Counts

- Exceeds the number of eligible students in attendance same every day.
- Maximum number of eligible students eat every day same as the number of meals delivered every day.
- Adult meals sold but not showing up on the days end report.

Example: In school suspension students/ alternative schools or Food Service Management Company



Recommended at the School Cafeteria

Compare:

- Free, Reduced, and Paid Eligible to Actual Meal Counts for Free,
 Reduced, and Paid
- Breakfast Counts from day to day
- Lunch Counts from day to day
- After school snacks from day to day

Cashier Assessment

Can the cashier:

- a. identify a reimbursable meal?
- b. review the menu before the meal service?
- c. leave the cashier station unattended?

Is a trained backup cashier available?

Does the cashier know the procedures for handling:

- a. Misplaced IDs, Forgotten Numbers
- b. Visiting student meals
- c. Adult meals
- d. Second meals
- e. Charging meals

Cash Handling Procedures

C	C		Takal
Currency	Count	equals	Total
\$100s		=	
\$50s		=	
\$20s		II	
\$10s		II	
\$5s		II	
\$1s		11	
		11	
Coins	Count		Total
50		II	
25		=	
10		=	
5		=	
1		=	
Total Cash		=	
Total Checks		=	
Total Drawer		=	
Signature		signature	
Date:			

Cashier

- a. Remove change cash/fund
- b. Counts drawer
- c. Records coins and bills
- d. Counts checks
- e. Totals money

2nd Person

- a. Counts drawer
- b. Records coins and bills
- c. Counts checks
- d. Totals money

Enter into Computer

Depositing Cash Procedures

Manager (or designated person)

- Combines money from drawers
- Counts money
- Fills out deposit slip with checks
- Puts money, checks, & deposit slip into bank bag

Bank depositor

- Are they bonded by the district?
- Takes money to bank daily to ensure timely deposit

Manager

Monitor bank date stamp on deposit slip to match day of deposit
 Example: Tuesday January 14 stamp matches Tuesday cash deposit on daily report



Audit Questions?

- 1. Does the cashier have a change cash/fund?
 - -If not, how does the cashier give change?
 - -If not, where does the money come from?
- 2. Does the breakfast cashier close out and balance the cash drawer before lunch?
 - -Strongly recommended that the breakfast cashier close out and balance the cash drawer before lunch.
 - -If not, make sure the cashier for lunch was the same one for breakfast. Two different people cannot handle the same drawer even in the middle of meal service.
 - -Shortages/overages easier to identify.
- 3. Do you charge for extra portions?
- 4. Is there an a la carte price list?
- 5. What is your charge policy and is it enforced with EVERY student and staff member? Is it the same as the board policy?



t is a red flag to the auditors if it is exact everyday. You expect to have some overage/shortage.



Audit Questions?

- 6. Does your bank deposit equal cash indicated on daily report?
- 7. With an emergency situation, what happens if the computer freezes, power goes out, or computer crashes?

Is a current eligibility list printed and maintained weekly? Breakfast

By Alphabetical/Bus Number

Lunch

- By Numerical
- By class or when meal periods are scheduled



- 8. What is the procedure when a child does not have any money and they are at the register with their tray?
 - Does the cashier pull money out of her pocket?
 - Allow the child to charge?
 - Take the tray and offer alternative meal?

Systems for "Checks & Balances"



- Eligibility Documentation is correct and current
- Meal Counting is accurate
- Computerized POS counting (data entry is accurate)
 program checks are in place
- Daily reports are accurate
- Daily edit checks are accurate
- Accurate claim consolidation
- Cash Reconciliation Report (Overage/Shortage)

